

THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA Cooperative Extension

Yuma County

Plant Disease Diagnosis Finding solutions

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Yuma Plant Pathology

- Applied research
- Extension
- Plant Disease Diagnostic (field and clinical)
- Field trials









MOLECULAR DIAGNOSIS



RESEARCH & EXTENSION



OUTREACH

Plant Pathology/Disease Triangle



Causal Agents

- Fungi and oomycetes
- Bacteria
- Viruses
- Nematodes
- Phytoplasmas
- Parasitic plants- dodder, mistletoes

Fungi and oomycetes

- Irish Famine (1845-1847)
- Oomycetes
- Phytopthora infestants
- Over I million deaths
- 1.5 million mass migration
- Downy mildew fungi



potatoes.ahdb.org.uk

Fungi

- Most common cause of plant diseases
- Chestnut blight (Cryphonetrica parasitica)
- Powdery mildew, smut fungi, rust fungi





Fusarium wilt



The UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA Cooperative Extension Scerotinia drop: S. sclerotiorum & S. minor









Downy mildew: Bremia lactucae











Damping off

Rhizoctinia spp, Fusarium spp, Pythium spp, Alternaria spp





Seedlings Damping off

- Fusarium spp
- Pythium spp

• TEST!

- Thielaviopsis spp
- Rhizoctonia spp





Texas root rot/Texas root rot

- Phymatotrichopsis omnivora
- Vascular tissue collapse
- Leaves still attached to branches
- Sclerotinia survives several ft under for several years





Phytopthora crown/root rot: *Phytopthora megasperma*







Fusarium wilt







Powdery mildew of wheat

- Blumeria graminis f. sp. Tritici
- True fungi unlike downy mildew
- High N high risk
- High humidity
- Dense canopy





Cooperative Extension



Purple blotch: Alternaria porri



Stemphylium blight: Stemphylium vesicarium

Bacteria

- Citrus Canker, fire blight in apples and pear
- Fruit blotch in melons





Bacteria

- Citrus Canker
- Bacteria
- Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. citri
- Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. aurantifolii
- 1912 in Florida Georgia line
- 20 years to eradicate, millions of \$\$\$ and trees





www.apsnet.org





THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA Cooperative Extension Bacterial fruit blotch: Acidovorax citrulli













Bacterial leaf blight

- Xanthomonas axonopodis pv malvacearum
- Angular leaf spot
- Warm humid weather
- Dispersed by rain/sprinkler



Viruses

- Systemic infection: no cure!
- Mosaic, mottles, colorful patterns to attract insect vectors







Viruses









Alfalfa mosaic virus





Cooperative Extension Cotton leaf curl virus

- Geminiviruses: whiteflies
- Leaves curl upwards
- Early infection stunts plants
- Yield reduction





Cooperative Extension Yuma County Conton leaf crumple virus

• Geminiviruses: whiteflies

• Leaf curls downwards

• Yield reduction



Viruses

- Cassava mosaic diseases
- Virus complex
- Food security in African countries
- Main source of starch
- Most are vectored by whiteflies...



www.apsnet.org

Nematodes

- Microscopic plant parasitic worms
- Vector viruses







Nematodes



Phytoplasma

• Cellwall less bacteria, vectored by plant hoppers



https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/f micb.2019.01349/full



https://edis.ifas.ufl.edu

Dodder (Cuscuta spp)

- Parasitic plant
- Takes nutrients from the plants
- Unmarketable hay/no seed production
- Vectors plant viruses



Plant Diagnostics

unleash the inner detective in you

Diagnostics

• Biotic (fungi, bacteria, nematodes, viruses, oomycetes, insects)

• Abiotic (nutritional, weather damage, toxicity)



Alfalfa mosaic virus?



Source plants grown in potting mix in greenhouse



Diagnostics

- Examine the host
- Look for signs of pathogen
- Know the application history of fertilizers, pesticides, herbicides etc.
- Observe the distribution of symptoms in the field and within the plant
- Test!

Turnaround time: 5 mins Cost: Almost none



Turnaround time: I week Cost: \$100



Turnaround time: 5 mins Cost: \$10 for immunostrips









Causal Agents

• Fungi and oomycetes-humidity, movement within the field, soilborne

• Bacteria-warm and humid, rain/sprinkles

• Viruses- vectors, plant material movement

• Nematodes- soil/water movement

Abiotic issues

- Day/night temp, frost, irrigation water: secondary infection
- Wind, sand, drift
- Herbicide, spray
- Cultural: compact soil, damage by machinery, oil spill, wrong rate of chemicals
- Growth stage/nutrient, too much/too little nitrogen
- Genetic: male/female/varietal susceptibility
- Nursery batch (sudden start/stop of symptoms, could be disease related)



Abiotic problems







Abiotic problems?







DIY tips



DIY tips





NOT ACTORS>>>REAL IPM GUYS...:-)



AZVegIPM-Team@email.arizona.edu

marcop@ag.arizona.edu



Nematodes

Dr. Patricia Stock General Nematologist 520-626-3854 <u>spstock@email.arizona.edu</u> Submission Instructions

Viruses

 Dr. Judith Brown's Lab
 Dr. Zhongguo Xiong's Lab

 Virus - Vector
 Virus - Citrus

 (520) 621-1402
 (520) 621-9869

 jbrown@ag.arizona.edu
 zxiong@ag.arizona.edu

 Submission Instructions
 Submission Instructions

How to submit sample:

1. Choosing sample/samples to send

- 1. Pick **one** plant that is a **good example** of the problem/sickness
- 2. Try to send **multiple plants** at different **stages of sickness**
- 3. Send **one healthy plant** for reference
- 4. Remember, there is no such thing as too much sample!

2.Fill out the plant sample submission form.

- 1. Please fill out as much information as you can, this helps with rapid diagnostic.
- 2. Forms are also available at Yuma Ag Center (6425 W 8th Street) and Yuma County Cooperative Extension office (2200 W 28th Street St 102).
 - 1. Feel free to take extra copies or make copies for future needs
- 3.Mail or drop off **submission form** with sample
 - 1. Mail to: Yuma Plant Health Clinic 6425 W 8th Street, Yuma AZ 85364. Please ship overnight.
 - 2. Drop off: Yuma Plant Health Clinic 6425 W 8th Street, Yuma AZ 85364
 - 1. Drop off samples at the Clinic by 3 PM, it allows us to process the samples same day, so you can get your diagnostic results within 48 hours.
- 4. If you are shipping samples please remember to include the USDA Aphis Permit for movin plant samples.



MAIL SAMPLES TO	-
Dr. Bindu Poudel	<u> </u>
Plant Diagnostic Clinic	9
6425 W 8th Street	
Yuma, AZ 85364	C C
Email: bpoudel@email.arizona.edu	F
Cell:928-920-1110	
Office:928-782-5879	
Fax:928-782-1940	

PLANT PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTIC CLINIC SUBMISSION FORM

Please fill out all the information in three easy steps. Samples without adequate will not be processed.

STEP 1: YOUR CONTACT INFORMATION			
Submitted by:	Check one:	Submitted for:	
Company:	Pest Control Advisor	Company:	
Address:	Extension Agent	Address:	
City/Zip:	Commercial Grower	City/Zip:	
County:	Home Owner	County:	
E-mail:	Research/Faculty	E-mail:	
Phone:	Master Gardener	Phone:	

Host Plant:		Cultivar:	Location	ı
Overall plant	Root	Stem/branch	Leaf	Flower/Fruit
stunted	galls/swelling	Galls/swelling	spotted/mosaic/mottle	spotted/mosaic
elongated	cankers	girdled	wilt/blight	discolor/blight
gnarled	rot	discolored	yellowing	rot
spotted/mosaic	wilted	dieback	chlorotic/necrotic spots	distorted/scabby
wilted/blighted	dieback	wilted	deformed	uneven ripening
yellowing	discolored	dark lesions	premature leaf fall	necrotic/chlorotic spots
other	other	other	other	other

Type of Planting	Symptom Prevalence	Symptom appearance	Recent sprays	Additional information
commercial field/orchard	entire planting	days	fertilizer	
garden/home	localized area	weeks	pesticides	
nursery/greenh ouse	scattered area	months	herbicides	
other	other	other	other	

OR LAB USE ONLY Sample No: Collection date: Received: Paid: \$



THE DREAM TEAM



Dr. Bindu Poudel-Ward



Jason Furr



Martin Porchas Sr.



Dr. Neeraja Singh

THANKYOU

What a person hears they may doubt; what a person sees they may possibly doubt, but what they do themselves they cannot doubt"

-Dr. Seaman A. Knapp (Father of Extension)

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