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Why Compost?

- Recycle waste materials
- Enhance soil structure
- Reduce soil losses from erosion
- Improve oxygen availability in soil
- Increase organic matter
- Recycle essential plant nutrients
- Increase biological activity



What Makes Compost?

- Raw materials (chemical composition)
- Organisms present
- Moist, oxygen-rich environment
- A dedicated space
- An observant, yet patient gardener





Raw Materials

- Kitchen waste
- Yard Waste
- Shredded paper/newspapers
- Floor sweepings
- Vacuum cleaner contents
- Wood ashes (some, not a lot)
- Shredded green yard waste
- Animal manure
- Spoiled hay
- Be creative watch for materials



Materials $\underline{\mathsf{NOT}}$ to Compost

- Meat/Fat Scraps
- Grease/Oil
- Pet Waste (parasites may be present)
- Large Woody Material
- Diseased Plants
- Weeds Gone to Seed
- Toxic Materials (paint chips, etc.)





Amounts of Raw Materials

- \bullet Mix fine with coarse materials
- C:N ratio should be 25:1 to 30:1 (more on this later)
- Moisture/oxygen balance
- Layer materials
- Add small amounts of soil during the process to provide microorganism "inoculant"



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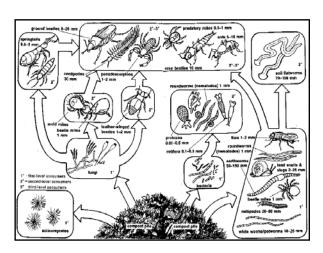
When there is too much carbon, the compost pile works slowly because the microorganisms have too little nitrogen to build up their populations.



C:N Ratios of Some Materials

Food wastes	15:1	
Sawdust, wood, paper	400:1	
Straw	80:1	
Grass clippings	15:1	
Leaves	50:1	
Fruit wastes	35:1	
Rotted manures	20:1	
Cornstalks	60:1	
Alfalfa hay	12:1	





Composting Tools

- Essential
 - Spading or Pitch Fork
 Water Source
- Optional
 - Thermometer
 - Bin(s)

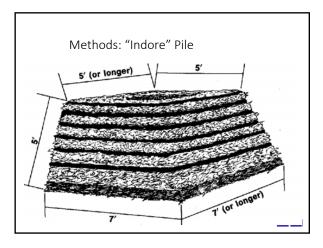
 - Chipper
 Turning Tool

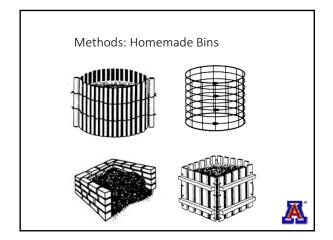


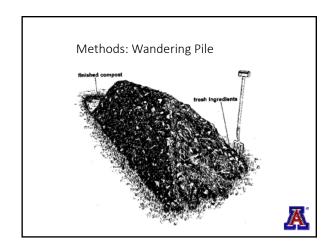
Initial Pile Construction

- 1st layer: 3-4" of chopped brush or other coarse material (air circulation
- 2nd layer: 6-8" of mixed scraps, leaves, grass clippings, etc.
- 3rd layer: 1"of soil serves as an microbial inoculant
- 4th layer: (optional) 2-3" of manure to provide the nitrogen needed by microorganisms
- Repeat until desired height/volume

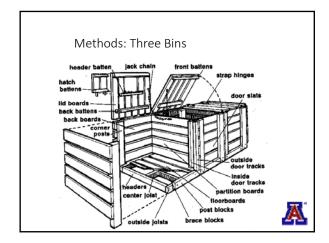


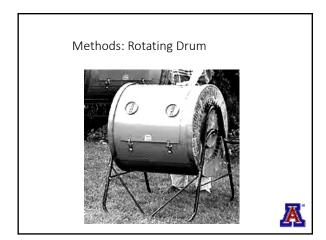














Cool Season Cover Crop and Green Manure

- Plant combination of hairy vetch (a legume) and cereal rye in the fall (October)
- Inoculate vetch seeds with appropriate inoculum (seed catalogs have it)
- Mow and turn into soil 3-4 weeks before planting

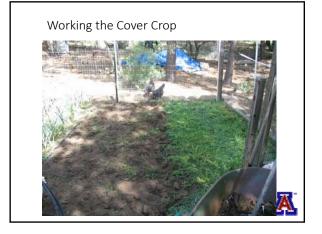












Using Alfalfa Cubes to Amend Garden Soil

- Spread 80 lbs alfalfa cubes over 100 sq ft garden soil
- Water the cubes well until they expand
- Turn expanded cubes into soil
- Plant crops



Alfalfa Cubes on Soil

